SLAVERS.

It has been frequently urged in our pulpit, and it will not be to the Slave to save his own life, and to save the lives of his own fellow-men.

[From the Lowell Observer.]

We are told that this is the "Mather's" suf- ficient. We are told that we are to save the lives of the slave, and to save the lives of his fellow-men.

The echo of their sanctimonious cries shall be drowned in the roar of the righteous indignation; and the American laborer, in his exultation over our Constitution and tryng to "save" the lives of his fellow-men.

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[From the Observer.]

The New System of Colonization.

Mr. Lincoln, Corresponding Secretary of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, Chairman of the Board of Managers of the American Colonization Society, in a letter to the conductor of the Boston Public Ledger, says: "I am informed by the Secretary of the American Colonization Society that a man named Newbury, who has been employed by the Society for the purpose of colonizing free negroes in Africa, has been arrested and committed to jail for debt by the courts of the United States. The Society has not been able to raise the money to pay his bail, and he has been confined for some time. I am told that he is now in a very critical state of health, and that the Society is very much concerned about him. I am therefore requesting your assistance in obtaining the necessary funds to release him from jail."
PRIVATE INFLUENCE OF COLOR.

Excesses.—There is one subject which, as it were, cannot be too frequently urged on public attention, for in no branch of politics are excesses of zeal more frequent and more dangerous than in the colored counties. A law, political opinion, and public feeling are set up on the one hand, to secure the rights and privileges of the colored man, and, on the other, the colored man is subjected to the most humiliating and degrading inferiorities, and the men of the South who rank them as "the inferior race." It is a question whether the colored man is not better treated in the South than in the North, where the same laws and institutions prevail.

Many colored men, who have the humble "aesthetics" of their race, are not satisfied with the mere rights and privileges given them by law, but demand and demand conspicuous and destructive acts of rebellion against the laws and institutions of the country. They are not satisfied with the mere existence of the white man, but demand his destruction in every possible way. They demand that the white man shall be driven from his homes, his property shall be destroyed, and his life be endangered. They demand that the white man shall be made to suffer in every possible way.

There is nothing wanting to make these acts of rebellion and destruction more frequent and more dangerous. The colored man is not satisfied with the mere existence of the white man, but demands that he shall be destroyed in every possible way. They demand that the white man shall be made to suffer in every possible way.

THEIR NO HELP FOR ELLIOTT CLEMONS.

Elliott Clemons, a well-known and respected colored man, was recently murdered in the town of New York. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community. He was a man of good character and a well-known business man, and his death is a great loss to the community.