THE LIBERATOR.

VOL. V.-

OUR COUNTRY IS THE WORLD—OUR COUNTRYMEN ARE ALL MANKIND.

[Saturday, October 24, 1851.

NEW-YORK, MASSACHUSETTS.
The Liberator.

DEPARTMENT

INFLUENCE OF WORK.

[From the Liberator.]

A BOLD step forward has been taken by the labor organizations of the United States, and the influence of labor is on the increase. The working classes are becoming more active and assertive, and are demanding their rights. The workers are organizing to protect their interests and to improve their conditions. This is a significant development, as it indicates a growing awareness of the importance of collective action. The workers are no longer content to accept their circumstances as they are, but are striving to make changes for the better. This movement is spreading, and will no doubt continue to grow in strength and influence.

EDWIN D. STOWELL, EDITOR.

SLAVERY.

[From the Boston Evening Post.]

ABOLITIONIST THOMPSON.

A bold and determined effort has been made by the abolitionist movement to advance the cause of freedom. Thaddeus Stevens, a prominent abolitionist, has been a tireless advocate of the cause. He has been a powerful speaker and has used his influence to bring attention to the evils of slavery. His speeches have been powerful and effective, and have helped to raise public awareness of the issue. His efforts have not gone unnoticed, and he has received widespread support from those who share his beliefs. The abolitionist movement continues to grow in strength, and its leaders are determined to see the end of slavery.

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COMMUNICATIONS.

THE ANTI-LIBERTY MEETING IN

In the last number of the "Liberator," we gave an account of the meeting of the British legislature, and of the expression of feeling on that occasion. The question was raised as to whether it was not time to consider the state of the colonies, and whether it was not desirable to make some ameliorating measures for the benefit of the people. The feeling was expressed that some measures should be taken, and that something should be done to relieve the sufferings of the people.

The Anti-Liberty meeting was held in London, on the 2nd of February, under the auspices of the British Anti-Liberty Association. The meeting was addressed by several gentlemen, who spoke in favor of the principle of liberty, and opposed the system of government under which the colonies were now governed.

The resolutions of the meeting were as follows: "That the British Anti-Liberty Association, in their adopted resolutions, affirm, that the British government, in the present state of their affairs, is incompatible with the rights and freedom of the people. They declare that the government, in its present state, is a system of despotism and tyranny, which, if continued, will inevitably lead to the destruction of the colony. They therefore recommend to the people of the colonies to take steps to effect a change in the government, by procuring a change of the constitution, and by raising a independent nation, and by taking measures to secure the rights and freedom of the people."

VERMONT COLONIZATION SOCIETY.

The Vermont Colonization Society held their annual meeting at Montpelier, on the 20th of February, under the presidency of Mr. E. B. Towne. A number of gentlemen were present, and the business of the society was transacted. The annual report of the society was read, and the accounts were laid before the meeting. The society reported a great increase in the number of their members, and a large increase in the amount of their contributions. They reported that they had made good progress in the Colonization of the island of Barbadoes, and that they expected to continue their efforts in the same direction.

ANTI-SLAVERY LECTURE AT EAST AURORA.

A lecture on the subject of slavery was delivered at East Aurora, on the 20th of February, by Mr. T. D. Powel, as the lecture for the anti-slavery society of that place. A large audience was present, and the lecture was received with great interest and applause. Mr. Powel spoke upon the subject of slavery, and the evils which it produces. He spoke upon the inhumanity of the system, and the necessity for its abolition. He also spoke upon the benefits which would result from the abolition of slavery, and the advantages which would be gained by its abolition. The lecture was listened to with great attention, and was received with great applause.

THE CAUSE OF ABDICATION.

There is some little difficulty in ascertaining the cause of the abdication of the king of France. It is generally supposed that the reason was the result of the Revolutions of 1830, and the consequent excitement which prevailed. It is also supposed that the king was actuated by a desire to avoid the evils of the French Revolution, and to restore peace and order to the country. It is evident that the abdication was the result of the Revolutions of 1830, and the consequent excitement which prevailed. It is also evident that the king was actuated by a desire to avoid the evils of the French Revolution, and to restore peace and order to the country.
MOSCOW, Saturday, October 24, 1855.

[From the Daily Advertiser, of Thursday.]

ROBERT PEEL.

In the House of Commons, Sir Robert Peel introd.uced a bill to establish a central registry of American papers as a means of checking the influx of anti-slavery books into the country. The bill was read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House. The debate was carried on with great heat, and several speeches were made on both sides of the question. The bill was passed, but was referred back to the House of Commons for further consideration.
PERMISSION OF THE BLACKS.

We accept your courtesy and quiedy, on white women accompanying the blacks on a tour against God’s laws in nearly every country of the world. Why should the negro be more hoarse than another? We are not aware why the negro should be more hoarse than another.

On the other hand, we are not aware why the negro should be more hoarse than another. We are not aware why the negro should be more hoarse than another.

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