THE LIBERATOR

OUR COUNTRY IS THE WORLD—OUR COUNTRYMEN ARE ALL MANKIND.

(BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS)

W. L. Lloyd Garrison, Editor.

THE LIBERATOR

Vol. VI.

No. 5.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1836.

THE REVOLUTION OF ABOLITION.

A change is energetically advocated by the abolitionists led by Garrison, and their genuine belief that their views are just, and justifiable, and their plan of action is the best for the solution of the problem. They insist that the only true and just solution is the immediate and unconditional abolition of slavery. They argue that the abolition of slavery is the only way to achieve true freedom and equality for all people. They believe that the perpetuation of slavery is a violation of human rights and a contradiction of the principles of liberty and justice. They also emphasize the moral and ethical implications of slavery, and the need for immediate and complete abolition to prevent the further suffering and exploitation of enslaved individuals. They advocate for the immediate and unconditional release of all enslaved people, and the establishment of equal rights and opportunities for all people, regardless of race or background.

THE WORKING-CLASS AND THE ABOLITIONIST.

The working-class and the abolitionists are often seen as two sides of the same coin. They both believe in the need for social and economic justice, and the right to freedom and equality for all people. They often work together and align their interests in the struggle for abolition. They recognize that the abolition of slavery is a necessary step towards achieving a more just and equal society. They believe that the working-class shares the same experiences of exploitation and oppression as enslaved individuals, and that the abolition of slavery is a step towards achieving true freedom and equality for all people. They also recognize the need for economic justice, and the right to fair wages and working conditions for all workers. They believe that the abolition of slavery is a necessary step towards achieving these goals, and that the working-class and the abolitionists can work together to achieve these objectives.
ANTI-SLAVERY MEETING.

On the 2nd instant, a meeting was held at the Georgia School of the Arts, for the purpose of preparing a letter, to be addressed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors of the American Anti-Slavery Society, to be sent by Thomas F. Bayard, Esq., in response to a circular letter from said society, requesting such action. The meeting was called to order by Rev. Mr. Goodrich, who presided, and for the purpose of acting as chairman, he was chosen, with the following committee:

Rev. Mr. Goodrich, Chairman.

The meeting adjourned.

THE LIBERATOR.

PROTEST.

To the President of the American Anti-Slavery Society.

Sir: We understand that a resolution of the society, passed at its last annual meeting, in the following terms: "Resolved, That the President, of the American Anti-Slavery Society, and its subordinate agents, shall be held responsible to the society, for the faithful and efficient manner in which their duties are discharged."

We believe that such a resolution is in direct violation of the principle of the society, that it is not in the nature of the society to aid or support any political party or candidate; and we wish to express our strong dissatisfaction with the action of the society in passing such a resolution.

We are convinced that the principles of the society are best carried out by the faithful and efficient discharge of the duties of the officers, and that no undue influence should be exerted in the selection of such officers.

We, therefore, protest against the action of the society in passing such a resolution, and we trust that the President will not permit such action to be carried into effect.

Respectfully submitted,

[Signatures]

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TO REV. GEORGE THOMPSON.

O God, how shall we thank thee for the light which shineth upon us?

[From the Boston Transcript.

AMENDMENT DEBATE IN CONGRESS.

The question being brought up by Mr. L. [in the Senate]—Resolved, that a clause for the admission of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticun, and New York be inserted in the Constitution of the United States, to be introduced into the Senate, to be considered by the Committee of the Whole House, to be reported back to the House, and to be ensued by a general adjournment.

[From the National Intelligencer.

ABOLITION DEBATE IN CONGRESS.

Mr. B. [in the House of Representatives] said it had been for many years the subject of debate in Congress, and that the question had been brought up by Mr. L. and Mr. M. [in the Senate]—Resolved, that a clause for the admission of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticun, and New York be inserted in the Constitution of the United States, to be introduced into the Senate, to be considered by the Committee of the Whole House, to be reported back to the House, and to be ensued by a general adjournment.

PROSPECTS.

THE SENSATION.

VOLUME VI.

The Literary Register...the 4th week of the 4th month of the 4th year of the reign of the New York ATOM, and 8th year of the reign of the Republic.

[From the New York Herald.

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