SCOTLAND.

[From the Glasgow Journal of January 17.]

SCHERER IN THE WESTMINSTER ROOMS.

In a speech on Monday, John Stuart Mill, a member of the House of Commons, delivered a notable address on the subject of Australia. He mentioned the great progress made in that country, and said that the colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia were now well established. He also referred to the political and social conditions prevailing there, and expressed the opinion that the principles of democracy, liberty, and equality were paramount in the minds of the people. His speech was received with much applause, and the audience listened with interest to his enlightened views on the subject.

SACRED DUTY.

Mr. W. McLeod, of Charleston, South Carolina, a native of Virginia, and a member of the United States Senate, delivered a speech on the subject of the sacred duty of preserving the Union, and upheld the principles of the Constitution. He said that in the present crisis, when the Union was in danger, every citizen should contribute his best efforts to preserve it. "Our country is our home," he said, "and we cannot allow it to be injured or destroyed."

THE LIBERATOR.

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

OUR COUNTRY IS THE WORLD—OUR COUNTRYMEN ARE ALL MANKIND.

[Saturday, April 30, 1836.]

No. 10.

THE LIBERATOR.

Vol. 2.

We, the undersigned, do hereby declare our intention to continue to support the anti-slavery cause, and to work for the immediate emancipation of all slaves in the United States. We believe that the institution of slavery is a moral evil, and that it is our duty to oppose it with all our strength.

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SLAVERY.
From the Quarterly Anti-Slavery Magazine.

TEXAS.
By the Secretary.
[Undated]

COMMUNICATIONS.

CUMBERLAND EXAMPLE.

Mr. Thompson, now living in Liverpool, England, has been a friend and fellow-worker in the anti-slavery cause for many years. He has been one of the leading men in the British anti-slavery movement, and has exerted a great influence in the cause of human liberty. He is now residing in Liverpool, where he is engaged in his business, and is a member of the British Anti-Slavery Society. He is a person of great ability and experience, and is well known for his faithful service in the cause of abolition. He is a man of great energy and perseverance, and is not easily discouraged. He is a man of great integrity, and is respected by all who know him. He is a man of great kindness and courtesy, and is always ready to do what he can to promote the cause of humanity. He is a man of great learning, and is well acquainted with the history and condition of the slave trade. He is a man of great versatility, and is well acquainted with the practice and procedure of many foreign countries. He is a man of great courage, and is not afraid to speak the truth, even if it may be unpopular. He is a man of great wisdom, and is well able to judge of the best course of action. He is a man of great patience, and is able to bear trials and difficulties with fortitude. He is a man of great devotion, and is always ready to sacrifice himself for the cause of humanity. He is a man of great charity, and is always ready to help those in need. He is a man of great piety, and is always ready to pray for the success of the cause of abolition.
NEW YORK, Dec. 8, 1839.

Mr. Editor, — We beg to call your attention to two very important events which have just occurred in England, and which will, we believe, add to the credit of the American Emigrant, and to the interests of our country. These events are, first, the election of Mr. Clay to the presidency of the United States, and the declaration of war by the British government against the United States.

Mr. Clay is a man of high character and great ability, and we have every reason to believe that he will prove a worthy governor of the American people. His administration will be marked by wisdom, justice, and humanity. He will work for the welfare of his country, and he will not be afraid to face the difficulties which may arise. We have confidence in him, and we believe that he will lead our people to prosperity and happiness.

The declaration of war by the British government against the United States is a very serious matter, and it will have a profound effect upon the course of American history. It is a declaration of war against the whole American people, and it is a declaration of war against the freedom and independence of America. We have every reason to believe that the American people will mete out a just retaliation, and that they will not be afraid to face the consequences of their actions. We have confidence in the American people, and we believe that they will prove themselves worthy of the trust which has been placed in them.

The war which is now going on between the United States and Great Britain is a war for the defense of the American people, and it is a war for the defense of the American institutions. It is a war against the British government, and it is a war against the British people. We have every reason to believe that the American people will put up a brave resistance, and that they will not be afraid to face the consequences of their actions. We have confidence in the American people, and we believe that they will prove themselves worthy of the trust which has been placed in them.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]