ANNIVERSARY OF THE MANCHESTER JOURNAL.

Mr. BALTIMORE, N.Y., Sept. 25, 1850.

The anniversary of the Manchester Journal was marked by a great\ncelebration here, on Sunday last. The crowd was unusual, and\nseemed to consist of all classes of the community. There were\nummerous addresses of appreciation, and a number of sermons were\ndelivered. The chief feature of the day was a parade of the\nUnorganized Militia of the State, who marched in perfect order,\ndisplaying their arms and colors with great spirit.

COMMUNICATIONS.

MR. DANIEL W. WRIGHT, Editor.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE LIBERATOR.

DESIRING to improve the opportunity of giving an expression to my\nviews on the subject of abolition, I am induced to contribute a few lines of a similar\ntone.

I trust that the following remarks may be found not unworthy of\nconsideration. They are not intended to be offensive or\nprovocative of excitement on the part of any, but rather to suggest\nconsiderations which may be of service to those who are engaged in the\nwork of abolition.

Sincerely yours,

A. WHITE.

BOSTON, MASS.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1856.

FILE NO. 5.

OUR COUNTRY IS THE WORLD—OUR CONSTITUENTS ARE ALL HUMAN.

THE LIBERATOR.

VOL. VI.

BOSTON, MASS., AUGUST 2, 1856.

SIR,—We have received your number of the "Manchester Journal," and are pleased to find that it contains a number of articles on the subject of abolition. We have long been convinced of the necessity of this work, and are anxious to do all in our power to advance it. We therefore wish to make a few remarks on the subject, which we hope may be of service to those engaged in the work.

First, let us consider the necessity of this work. We are all aware that slavery is a great evil, and that it is the duty of all who are enlightened to do all in their power to put an end to it. We therefore urge the necessity of this work, and hope that it may be successful.

Secondly, let us consider the manner in which this work should be conducted. We believe that it should be conducted in such a manner as to be free from all prejudice, and that it should be conducted with the greatest possible respect for the feelings of all who are engaged in the work.

Thirdly, let us consider the means by which this work can be advanced. We believe that this work can be advanced by a combination of all who are engaged in it, and that it can be advanced by a careful study of the subject, and by a careful consideration of the best means by which it can be advanced.

In conclusion, we wish to say that we are all convinced of the necessity of this work, and that we are all anxious to do all in our power to advance it. We therefore hope that this number of the "Manchester Journal" will be received with the approbation of all who are engaged in the work.

Sincerely yours,

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BOSTON, MASS.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 2, 1856.

FILE NO. 5.

MR. CALHOUN'S SUBORDINATE BILL.

Mr. Treasury has recently introduced a bill into Congress, which we venture to say will be of great importance. The bill provides for the establishment of a national bank, and for the issue of national currency. We are of opinion that this bill will be of great benefit to the country, and we therefore urge its immediate passage.

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SECOND ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GRAMMAR EXAMINING SOCIETY.

The Rev. Dr. Ruggles, President, in the Chair.

The Rev. Dr. Ruggles stated that the object of the Society was to promote the elevation of the mind, and the education of the youth of the community. It was intended to be a body of gentlemen who should be qualified to judge of the state of education in the country, and to give such advice as might be necessary to improve it.

The meeting adjourned.

ENGLAND.

The Right Hon. Lord Brougham, in the House of Commons, moved for a select committee to inquire into the state of the poor in the new Poor Law, and the measures for their relief. The motion was seconded by the Right Hon. Mr. Canning, and carried by a large majority.

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