THE LIBERATOR.

THE LIBERATOR.

VOL. VI.

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1853.

OUR COUNTRY IS THE WORLD—OUR CONSCIENCE IS ALL MANKIND.

W. LLOYD GARRISON, EDITOR.

No. 4.

THE ISSUE OF OPPRESSION.

EXTRACTS

From the Journal of Congress, December 19, 1853.

In the House of Representatives, on December 17, 1853, the debate on the bill to admit Texas to the Union was resumed. The bill was passed by a vote of 165 to 31. The debate continued on the following day, with many speakers expressing their views on the subject. The debate was characterized by intense debate and passionate speeches.

SLAVERY.

The debate on the admission of Texas to the Union continued on December 22, with many speakers expressing their views on the subject. The debate was characterized by intense debate and passionate speeches.

SYNDY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Syndy moved some strong resolutions against the admission of Texas to the Union, which were rejected by a vote of 126 to 57. The debate on the admission of Texas to the Union continued on December 24, with many speakers expressing their views on the subject. The debate was characterized by intense debate and passionate speeches.

A NEW SOCIETY.

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Excerpt from a letter to a friend:

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COMMUNICATIONS.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

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THE LIBERATOR.

LETTER FROM PROF. RUTLEDGE.

Carrollton, May 11, 1858.

[Text not legible due to quality of image.]

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

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Elias B. edges, M. D.

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ELIAS B. EDGES, M. D.

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SOUTH CAROLINA.

[Text not legible due to quality of image.]

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[Text not legible due to quality of image.]

SPIRIT OF FREEDOM IN MANCHESTER.

The Manchester Anti-Slavery Society held its annual meeting on Saturday last, for the purpose of impressing the citizens with the importance of the slaveholders' being thrown out of office. The meeting was well attended, and the resolutions passed unanimously, with the following preamble and resolutions:

The preamble declared that the spirit of freedom in Manchester is not dead, but is alive and strong, and that the measures of the society are intended to strengthen the free-press principle, and to promote the interests of the country.

The resolutions included:

1. That the society will continue to publish the Manchester Liberator with increased zeal and energy.
2. That the society will continue to support the abolitionist cause, and will do all in its power to aid in the overthrow of slavery.
3. That the society will continue to agitate the question of the rights of the Negro, and will not be satisfied until all men are free and equal.

The meeting was adjourned with a high sense of the important duty of the society, and with the firm determination to continue in the path of truth and justice.

E. B. E.

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SUGGESTIONS FOR THE CONGRESS.

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W. H. McDOWALL.

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THE FIFTH COLUMN.

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FEDERAL OF MICH.

[Text not legible due to quality of image.]

FEDERAL OF MICH.

[Text not legible due to quality of image.]

[Text continues with various articles and letters on the abolitionist and antislavery movements.]
JOURNAL OF THE TIMES.

THE RIGHT OF CITIZENSHIP.

HORACE BEECHER, in conversation with Mr. Pollock, the other day, said that the whole subject of civil rights in New Orleans, and throughout the South, was pregnant with danger. "The law," he said, "is not a sufficient guarantee of any rights. It is necessary that there should be a spirit of lawfulness in the community. If the law is not obeyed, if the government is not respected, if the rights of individuals are not protected, the danger is great."

POWER OF THE PRESS.

A meeting of the New-York Society of the PENNSYLVANIA COLONIZATION SOCIETY.

DR. CULPEPER, in his address to the Society, said that the progress of the colony could not be made unless the streets of the city were kept clean. "The streets," he said, "are the arteries of the town. They must be kept clean, otherwise the health of the people will be endangered."

CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.

OF THE AMERICAN HUMANITARIAN SOCIETY.

A report of the American Humanitarian Society was read before the House of Representatives, stating the progress of the Society in its work of relief. The report was received with approbation, and a resolution was adopted to express the thanks of the House to the Society for its good work.
THE EVENING NEWS.

How many men, women, and children are in the city of New York, or are within the United States, is a matter of considerable importance to the three branches of the government, and to the people of all parts of the world. It is estimated that there are about 1,200,000 persons in the city of New York, and about 25,000,000 in the United States. The population of the city of New York is increasing rapidly, and is expected to reach a million and a half by the year 1840.

The following is a summary of the more important events of the week:

From Trenton, the New York Herald reports that the legislature of New Jersey have voted a sum of $1,000,000 to be expended in the construction of a new capital for the state. The site selected is a tract of land near the Delaware river, and is estimated to cost about $500,000. The building will be of brick, and will contain offices for the governor, the legislature, and other public offices.

From Washington, the New York Evening Post reports that the United States government has determined to erect a new capitol for the capital of the United States. The site selected is a tract of land on the Capitol hill, and is estimated to cost about $1,000,000. The building will be of brick, and will contain offices for the president, the cabinet, and other public offices.

From Boston, the New York Daily Advertiser reports that the legislature of Massachusetts have voted a sum of $500,000 to be expended in the construction of a new capitol for the state. The site selected is a tract of land near the Charles river, and is estimated to cost about $250,000. The building will be of brick, and will contain offices for the governor, the legislature, and other public offices.

From Philadelphia, the New York Daily Times reports that the legislature of Pennsylvania have voted a sum of $1,000,000 to be expended in the construction of a new capitol for the state. The site selected is a tract of land near the Delaware river, and is estimated to cost about $500,000. The building will be of brick, and will contain offices for the governor, the legislature, and other public offices.

THE ABOLITIONISTS in New York, and throughout the United States, are engaged in a vigorous campaign for the abolition of slavery. They are publishing tracts, distributing pamphlets, and making speeches in every part of the country. They are also organizing societies for the purpose of carrying on this work. The most prominent among them is the American Anti-Slavery Society, which was founded in 1833, and now numbers about 10,000 members. The society is divided into branches in every state of the Union, and is supported by contributions from its members and from the general public.

THE UNITED STATES NAVY, under the command of Admiral Perry, has recently entered into a treaty with the government of Japan, by which the United States is granted the right to establish a naval station at Yokohama. The treaty was signed on the 31st of December, and is to remain in force for a period of ten years.

THE TREATY OF FRIEDENBURG, between Russia and Turkey, was signed on the 10th of November, and is to remain in force for a period of ten years. The treaty provides for the payment of a large sum of money by Turkey to Russia, and for the cession of certain territories to Russia.

Cheap List.

The following are the prices of the most popular books, newspapers, and periodicals:

The New York Times, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Herald, $1.50 per annum.

The New York Evening Post, $1.50 per annum.

The New York Daily Times, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily Advertiser, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily Tribune, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily Mirror, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily Journal, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily Courier, $1.00 per annum.

The New York Daily News, $1.00 per annum.

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THE NEW YORK POST, for the week ending...