W. Williams, General Agent: SEATERT OFFICE, No. 25 Co

the raper.

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THEOREM COmmittee.

SAMORE PHILERICK,
EDWISD QUISCY,
WILLIAM BASSETT.

LLOYD GARRISON, Editor.

OL. XII.---NO. 10.

FUGE OF OPPRESSION.

th should treat the South with more

le northern Senator slared to peep ing by way of reply to Mr. Calhoun of freedom, they all behave like dus trouching spaniels to the slave-drivi



BOSTON, FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 1842.

The Register has since obsequiously kissed the

Base Bosses of the Keee to Stavers,

Base Bosses of the Keee to Stavers,

BY APOSTATE HISBIRES!

A National Ropeal Convention was recently he
Philadolphia, at which, (aux the correspondent

he New-York Herald), the following resolution,
ered by a Mr. Wright, of Boston, elicited quit

warm debate:

minds to the proper objects of such meetings, by the introduction of any topics of discord, connected with the domestic institutions of the republic.

After reading this resolution, Mr. Wright remarked, that an effort had been made in Boston, by the more violent abolitionists, to connect the subject of Irish Repeal with American abolition—but it had fortunately failed through the good sense of the Repealers there. (Applause.) He said the same strength had been made in other sections of the country, and he considered it exceedingly proper, under such circumstances, that this National Convention should send forth to the Union, a decided expression of its opinion against the connexion of the two subjects. (Great applause.)

He then noticed the boasting philanthropy of the Eaglish abolitionists, which reaches across the occan for its objects, while it leaves thousands to perish at its feet; and indulged in some severe stretures upon the rash course of the English abolitionists. His remarks were warnely received by the convention, and he urged the adoption of the resolution with consciderable carrestness.

Mr. Hogan, of Washington, hoped the Convention would look well to the

and to leake the different Associations of the country to as 8 of themselves, according to the public sentiment of the section in which they exist. He would never accede to the proposition contained in the resolution, that America would adhere to Ireland, no matter how much Ireland might attempt to disturb her institutions, by agitating the slavery question, and be invoked the Convention to take no action whatever upon the subject of abolition, unless they were prepared to denounce it in unqualified terms. His appeal was full of eloquence and fire, and clicitod agreed the according to the subject of appliance. He concluded by moving that Mr. Wright's resolution be laid on the tables.

After a long and stormy debate, the Convention adjourned without taking the question.

SELECTIONS.

Washington, Feb. 23, 1842.

it, in form, a matter of consideration in that body.

8. Wanor Thoorson, the 'terrible, eery terrible') one of the most prominent advocates of the sannexation, is sent Envoy Extraordinary to Mexico, without usy appeared reason. The minister, resident, Mr. Ellis, is a good Tyler man, and did not task to be relieved. Gen. Thompson was the prominent advocate of war with Mexico, at the time of the Texan war. The promptones with which Mexico, at a moment when her finances were disordered, met the proposition to adjust every just claim upon her, alone prevented a war at that time.

9. At this moment, a class of untenable and Mexico, it as the mineral aclass of Mexico.

much then, by Thompson and others, are reviewed; and the integrity of the Mexican members of the mixed Commission, who refused them, and of the upright Prassian Ambassador, Baronda Recume who will be supply the state of the mixed Commission, who refused them, and of the upright Prassian Ambassador, Baronda Recume who both in public and in private, by the Texan party. And the Texan land, and land scrip holders, as usu al, feed the flame of this and every other, source of irritation. Meantime, the gross outrage of the Texans on our flag, recently, is passed over silently, or spoligised for. I think the facts I refer to have appeared in your peper. Had those impudent Texans been Mexicans, we should have had war before this.

effort to Passe.

(C) that a successful resistance.

(T) the successful resistance.

Correspondent of the Worcester Spy.

Correspondent of the Worcester Spy.

Case of the Creole.

Wasnixorox, D. C. Feb. 26, 1842.

The past week has not been one of much excitement. Yet there are severed occurrences of not a little political and general interest, and one at least that may, in the end, sit the very depths of public feeling, as nothing has moved them for a long time. I mean the letter of Mr. Webster, enclosing a copy of his instructions to E. Everett, in relation to the Croole case. You will, of course give your readers the whole of this important document—and I shall centent myself with inviting attention to some of the

From the Free American

J. BROWN YERRINTON, Printer. WHOLE NO. 583.

the tem God speec in any coarse of auton by one of the cases, satisfactory to their own consciences.

I have epent two months of time and about fifty dollars in money since I commenced, for what I can be a supported by the consent of the consent of the consent of a restriction of the liberty of speech, though in its exercise I become poor and despised as the dog-careseed Lazaus.

I shall, as soon as means are furnished me (\$15 more only being required) publish another number of the 'Auti-Sectarian,' in which I shall more fully onlarge upon the teptlencies and abounter number of the 'Auti-Sectarian,' in which I shall more fully onlarge upon the teptlencies and abounter number for the 'Auti-Sectarian,' in which I shall more fully onlarge upon the teptlencies and abountainous of sectarianism. I shall, in the mean time, do what I can to promote abolition, by obtaining subscribers for the Tocsin, by lectaring, &c., until I find more permanent employment.

I hope the friends of freedom will now rally around her standards, and encourage the hearts of brethred Goodwin and Brown, by a generous support.

I have reom in this number to say no more to my friends, than, go on, and may God bless you.

Mr. Calhon, of South Carolina, 'held the investion of the slaves of the Croole to be the most Arabertous of the slaves of the Croole to be the most Arabertous out and the property of the American people. As soon as they could get full information, they ought to demand that those who committed the privacy, should be delivered up to this government. If we cannot obtain justice, every man with an American heart will be ready to raise his hand against oppression!!'

Mr. Barrow, of Louisiana, 'was not willing that those he represented should submit any longer to the insquence of a fornign power. He wished the content of the slave of the should submit any longer to the insquence of a fornign power. He wished the color of the should be a standard as the people of the South wantions at all hazards. The people of the South wantions at all hazards. The people of the South wantions, and internation of the laws of nation, drawing a distinction between slaves and goods. The transfer of slaves, from one State to snother, is a matter of every day occurrence, and if these contemptible British subjects of Nassau are permitted to go on in this way, soizing by force of arms, and liberating always belonging to American citizens, the South would be compelled to fit out armsments, and destroy Massaus and other British forms, that trample on the laws of nations and the rights of

hat trample on the laws of nations and the rights of ur citizens."

And are men, in whom the moral sense is so perverted by interest as to regard Madison Washington's pirate, and who, although vindicating the conversion of millions of their fellow-countrymen into beasts of burden, can yet declaim about opportunition, it to decide equestions involving the rights of man? Again we ask in sohe carnestness, is it prelent, is it safe, that men so blinded with passion so talk of the slaveholders fitting out expeditions to leater the town of the West Indica, when it well known a mighty ermy of black soldiers is ready or reciprocate the visit, and to plant the standard of manufaction in the cotton fields of the Sonth, should be entirusted with the sawli power of kinding a configuration which woold consume their own comesteads, spread terror and decolation through a arge portion of our country, and be fanally quenched only in the blood of multitrides?

From the New-York American.

Mr. Webster and the Croole.

eading over and over again this despatch,

o be fully possessed of its spirit and im
revet under the conviction, that a case

in itself, and or known to be by Mr. Web
argued with a disregard of all just distinc
o the nature of crime—as well as of the

as to the nature of crime—as well as of the great of the control o

Usrtos, is in the following terms:—
To the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States in Congress assembled:
The undersigned, citizens of Austinburg, Ashtala county, Oshio, respectfully petition that you
will take measures immediately to bring about an
anicable division of these United States, by a line
running between the slave and the free States. Be-

use.

Ist. We believe that the action of the Federal
overmment has, for the last thirty years, been so
ontrolled by slaveholding influence in opposition
to the interests of free labor, as to cause a great maority of the political evils we have suffered/during
time and are now suffering, and that the free

Me have Liberia papers to the 17th of December, brought by the bark Union, at New-Orleaus. We make the following extracts:

DEATH OF DE. WILSON. In our last Luminary, we stated that a report had reached ns, of the death of Dr. Wilson, missinary at Cape Palmas, from the A. B. C. F. Missions. It has since been confirmed. Dr. Wilson died of Dysenderry, after three cays illness, at Rocktown near Cape Palmas, on the 13th of November.

ness, at Rocktown near Cape Painas, on the 13th of November.

Mrs. Wilson, the doctor's relict, is residing on the premises of the A. B. C. F. M., at Cape Painas, with the Rev John L. Wilson, Superintendent of that Board's operations in Western Africa. We understand Mrs. De. W. intende remaining in Africa.

The Nusse Exreption. Africa's Luminary of Dec. 19th, contains accounts from this unfortunate expedition, which agree substantially with those received horse via. England, and are apparently of about the same date:

The vessels succeeded in getting up the Niger, and had just landed at the Model. Farm, when sickness made its appearance, and threw them into a state of despondency. Teruty-six soon foll victims to death; and seventy were yet on the sick liet, and as very precarious situation.

no, and thereby evaded the ten or twelve shots in the Gabriela fired at her. The Acora source of the Gabriela fired at her. The Acora source of the Gabriela fired at her. The Acora source of the part of the par

BLAYER TAKEN. Two slave vessels have The been condemned, at Sierra Leone; one a W. H. B. M. ship Iris; the other to H. B. M. Ch. Pletto. H. B. M. brig Waterwitch, Lieut.

ils port, on the 10th instant, are days out from Norfolk, Mr. William Severage of this place, and passenger in the Saluda, die chronic complaint. Mr. Savage was about the so of age; and formerly from Savannah. Herabel to Liberia in 1840. His saudedn edeath is lamonted by animerous friends, and equation.

our informant left.

Nov. 19. The British bark Niger, which was wrecked and stranded, at this place, and noticed it our last, has not been gotten off. The mest of cargo, in a damaged state, was saved which, together with the salls, rigging, spars, and bull, have been disposed of at auction. Captain Merritt has been

Morus-Multicaulis in Liberia. It may not be uninteresting to our foreign readers, who are speculators in Morus Multicaulis, to know, that it has lately been introduced into Liberia, and bids fair to spread itself over the surrounding country.

COMMUNICATIONS.

in the discussi

Worcester,
In the absence of the business committee, the meeting was addressed by Frederick Douglas, of New Bedford, Bro. Jackson and Ray. Mr. Gay, of Hubbardston.

Bro. Lincoln of Gardner, chairman of the business committee, reported the following resolutions for discussion, viz:

The resolutions, presented by the business committee, relating to the church, were then taken up, and discussed by Mesers Stacy, Douglas, Phillips of Boston, Lincoln and Jocke.

This discussion was one of deep and selemn interest.

Wendell Phillips, of Boston, was added to the business committee.

The following persons were appointed a commit-tee on finance, viz. Stacy of Gardner, Smith of Leo-minater, and Ainsworth of Barre.

The committee for noninating officers reported the following for officers for the year ensuing, which

ELIZA W. JEWETT, Sec.

Yours for the slave, WILLIAM HARD Wrentham, Feb. 8, 1842

ELIBERATOR

BOSTON NING, MARCH 11, 1842.

stavery leeing, though rapioly decreasing, in a full strong. Do not unite with it in the contrary opposity at ALL THE PEACEFUL MEASS IN YOUR FOWER-JOIN WITH THE ABOLITIONISTS EVERY WHERE. They are the only consistent advocates of liberty. Tell every man, that you do not understand liberty for the white man, and desery for the black man: that you are for LiBERTY FOR ALL, of every color, creed, and country.

The American citizen proudly points to the national declaration of independence, which declares that will all the strong the strong of the blave. In the color of the blave. In the color of the blave. It is not the color of the blave of the color of the blave of the color of the blave of the color of the blave. It is not the color of the blave of the color of the blave of the color of the blave of the color of the col

[Signed by]

DANIEL O'CONNELL,

THEOBALD MATHEW,

and (F SIXTY THOUSAND 1) other In

habitants of Ireland.

ducted by J. Mercadin, pag. as commissioned or rayland.

The case was argued by Messrs. Mercadith and Noison for the State of Maryland, and by Mr. Hambly and the Attorney General of Pennsylvania for that State.

Let Massachusetts Speak!

In regard to the late daring attempt in Congress to cover Jons Quiter 'Adams with infamy, Plymouth Rock Jans nobly spoken out. Plymouth County is nearly to be heard! Then let Massachusetts speak! The suggestion has been made—and we heartily approve of it—that, as soon as practicable after the roturn of Mr. Adams from Washington, a meeting of THE PEOPLE OF MASSACHUSETTS be held in FANEUIL HALL, in order to sustain him by their approving youces, in his efforts to preserve inviolate the sacred right of patition, and to hear from his own lips whatere communication be may doen it proper to sake on the occasion. It would prove a sublima and thrilling meeting, and a mighty gathering of choice apitis from all part of the Commonwealth 'Honor to whom houror.' LET THE MEETING BE HELD.

Explanation.

well known and eccentric poet, di in the New-York Lunatic Asylum-genius—by many believed to be ma happy as he was strange. There of the wild wanderings of his genius

MARRIED-In this city, Feb. 28th, by Rev. San

nel Snowdon, Mr. Burrill Smith to Miss Charlotte Francis. In Northboro', Feb. 24th, by Rev. Mr. Sanford, Mr. Columbus Esmes to Miss Maria P. Ries, both of Northboro'.

Northboro'.
In this city, on the 2d inst. by Rev. J. C.
Mr. Henry W. Moody and Miss Catherine J.
the 6th inst. by the same, Mr. William H.
and Miss Sarah Scott.

REV. HENRY GILES will lecture at the Temple, on Monday evening, March. 14, on Pties of Irish Character.
Lecture to commence at 7:1.2 v'olbek.

ADELPHIC UNION LIBRARY ASSOCIATION WELLIN LLOYD GARRISON will lecture at the inith School Room, on Tuesday evening, March 15, omnuencing at 7 o'clock. Admittance 6 1 4 cents. Subject—Insurrection of Nat Turner.

NOTICE.

The Young Mene Literary Society will give their second exhibition in the Belkanpetreet Church, on Monday evoluge, March 14th, to commence at 7 o'clock.

Tickets may be obtained from the members of the Society, and at the door, at 12.12 cfs usad.

ROBERT MORRIS, Js. Secretary.

ESSEX COUNTY AWAKE!

The regular quarterly meeting of the Essex County Anti-Slarery Society will be held; in the Methodist Church, Spawish, on THURSDAY, March 24th, commercing at 9 clocks, A. S.

Various important THURSDAY, March 24th, commercing at 9 clocks, A. S.

Various important and the state of the Church, and the Chur

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

The Plymouth County Anii Slavery Society hold its quarterly meeting 8 South Sciiutte, or B at subjects of theriting the state of t

4 N. L. S.

For the Liberat For the Liberators.

The Crisic of Slavery.

Though dark the skin, degraded though the race,
The slave still shows God's imprees in his face;
The slave still shows God's imprees in his face;
The slave still shows God's imprees in his face;
The slave still shows God's imprees in his face;
The slave still shows God's imprees in his face;
Bot the slave shows the slave shows the slave shows the slave shows,
Without a bill from the Etiral One;
But thirst for power, on evil doing bent,
Has caused base man a system to invest,
Whereby a portion of our common race
Are doemed to best underited disgrees—
To toil for nought—to wear the galling chain—
Drag out their lives in misery and pain.
It is a sit, this unders to deny;
No blacker crime exists beneath the sky.
But some, who readily admit this fact,
Geem very custions when they come to act;—
Approach to give an abolition cut,
And they'll be sure to skuth behind a—nov!
They claim to be the slave's unabrinking friend,
But prove themselves most treacherous in the end.
If southern favery is a baneful crime,
Why let it flourish in our genial clime?
Why not processed.

THE BLIND BEGGAR.

he site by the great high road all day,

The beggar blind and old,

The locks on his brow are thin and grade in the locks on his brow are thin and grade in the life of the beggar is almost spent;

His check is pale and his form is best,
And he answereth low, and with meek c

The smeers of the rude and bold.

All day by the road bath the begger sat,
Westly, and faint, and dry,
In silence patiently holding his hat,
And turning his sightless eye,
As, with cruel jest and greeting grim
At his hollow check and eyeball dim,
The traveller tosses a cent at him,
And passeth hastily by.

And passeth fassily by.

To himself the blind old man doth hum.
A song of his boyhood's day,
And his lean white fingers idly drum.
On his thread-bare knee where they lay
And oft, when the gay bob-o-link is heard,
The song of the youth-hearted yellow bird,
The jar of life and the traveller's word,
And the shout of children's play;

The jar of life and the traveller's word,
And the shoat of children's play;
He starts and grasps with hurried hand
The top of his amooth-wors cane,
And strickh it stirdly fint the sand—
Then layeth it down again;
While his black fittle spaniel, beautiful Spring
Than he keeps at his button-hole with a string
Lespi up, and his bell goes ting-a-ling,
As he yelps with impatient pain.
Then he counteth his gains with quiet heed,
As the few through his fingers slide;
He know there is scarciely enough to feed
The beautiful dog by his side—
So he holdeth his han and whiteth still,
Though the day is worn and the night is chill,
With patient hope his hand to fill
From the offiles of pomp and gride.
He sits by the great high road di day,
That beggar blind and old—
The locks on his brow are thin and gray;
And his sips are blub and cold;
Yet he murmarth never, day nor night,
But seeing the world by his inner sight,
Ttill the sum of his life shall be told.

TEMPERANCE SONG.

The drink that's in the drum'and's bowl
Is not the drink for me,
It kills his hody and his sool,
How sad a light is he!
But there's a drink that God has given,
Distilling in the showers of heaven,
In measures large and free;
Oh, that's the drink for me.

Oh, that's the drink for me.

The stream that many prite so high,
Is not the stream for me;

For he who drinks it still is dry,
Forever try he 'h be.

But there's a stream so cool and clear,
The thirsy traveller ingers near,
Refreshed and gleat is he;

Oh, that's the drink for me.

On, that a the crink for many prize,
Is not the cop for me;
The sching head, the bloated face,
In its sed train I see;
But there's a cup of water pure,
And he who drinks it may be sure
Of beath and length of days;
Oh, that's the cop for me.

From the Beplist Advocate,
ATHER, FORGIVE THEM, FOR
KNOW NOT WHAT THEY DO.
Hark! a voice from Calvary's motorials—
Hear lies schoes sweetly roll,
Opening wide the gloriods fodutain
For the cleansing of the soul;
Sweeter than the softest music,
Warbled through the axure heaven,
Coming from the bleeding Savioorn,
*Let the sinner be forgiven.

THE BIBLE.

A man of subtle reasoning note

A possion if he knew
Where was the internal ordern
That proved his Bible true?
The issues of disputative art
Had never reacted his sar;
It laid his hand upon his heart
And only answered—man.

MISCELLANY:

The following receipt how to make a first rate Divine, is from New-England Orthodoxy's oracle, The Boaton Recorder. The Recorder is confident, as appears below, that it will prove sure, ainety-slise times in a hundred. Congregational Journal, Vermont Chronicle, &c. will please, &c.

How to make a Minister a good one.

1. Pray for him—that his heart and mind may be sentcined by God, (1)—an important rule.

2. Pay him well (2) so that his mind may be control to the superportate work (3)

3. Fill up his library with useful books; (4) so that he may have an inexhanatible fountain from which to draw supplies for your edification (5).

4. Be sure to give him all his must see the processor of the sure of the horizont of the processor of the learners. The sure of your horse, and then fret bocause of his learners. (7)

5. Never speak of his faults to any man, (8). One word one out of your mouth is as bad as twenty kept in (9). Do you on to know that when you have poken a word against him, you feel compelled, right or wrong, to substainties it? (10). Bis faults, like snow-balls, increase by being rolled and with the sure one but of whom you can say (11). For there is no combut of whom you can say (11). The faults illed you to think well of him too, (13). Remember the man who flang away the pearl, because he did also at know its worth, (14)

7. Always any some kind and eccouraging words.

rengrous meeting. (2.9) Afters and only linear you appreciate what he force rules where you can read them easily; then read them at least once a week, and, especially, if a sinner against them, read them severy day, as you go to your closet. (26). Perhaps you had better put up a copy on the meeting house door, perhaps on your pew door. (27) It might be advantageous to give away a copy now and

to you a poor minister.—Boston Recorder,

NOTES BY THE EDITOR OF THE HEALD.

(I) Amen! Only be honest in it. No mockety.

(2) Amen, say all the clergy, only they might prefer it should be tiem left. But what says Christ in this behalf? "He that is an hiraling, and not the shepherd, '&c.; 'the hireling death, because he is a firring,' &c. Christ, it may be replied, however, was not speaking of sections in the order of the property of the proposed of the property of the property was not move. But the clogy costs money, and not a pittle of it, and may properly enough be sold. It is so. All right. Let the clergy be paid. We say smen, to the 2d item.

and may properly enough to soid. It is so. All right. Let the clergy be paid. We say smon, to the 2d item.

(3) Viz. opening courts, musters, &c., with prayer, marching to drum and fife, with 'Biark Guards,' and 'National Biaes,' (vide Sunday School celebration on our 3d pags.) and saying graces at 4th of July celebrations, and Log Cabin carousals, &c., &c., to say nothing of general performance by the season, at the sectarian play-house. How horribly unlike the 'appropriate work' of the groper limitarty!

(4) Viz. commentaries and classics, and if he runs to learning any thing catroordinary, get him some genteel volumes of German Literachter—which is mighty simple, evangelical and saving. You may fling in a Bible for him to copy his texts from. Every minister should have a Bible.

(5) How 'edifying' to a tired congregation, accustomed to sirring through the week, is a sophomorical ditty, picked up out of one of these dashy libraries, and performed off in the latest Andover or Gilmanton style—with eyes straining at had manuscript, and hands floorished aloft in gesticulation, like a goose's wings in a puddle, before a rain—or the picture of a Mason giving the grand halling sign of distress: Oh, 'tis 'edifying'! This is feeding the flock with the bread of life! We would add to the volumes above mentioned, a complete set of the works of Reverend Peter Partey!

(6) Fudge!

nit. That will make you thank well of it. Then you will go to him for advice,

(23) Pretty bold. Pretty explicit. A pretty downright assertion of clerical infallibility. 'See to it that you follow his advice,' be it what it may. We're thinking of some clergy whom it would be laughable to consule. If "all abolitionists should observe this injunction, how quick this antivitively botherstion would end. We really thank the Recorder for letting out the cat so frankly. But if will alarm sobody. The churches are subdued to clerical domination, and will bow to their prerequite or advicer—whose advice is implicitly to be followed.

(24) And would it not be more of the sude z father, than of cittler, to go implicitly after any body's advice, merely because he had been imposed on a parish as its clergyman?

Mark the clerical insolence that dares call a unsers a work who has the independence to declipse being guided and ruled by his priest. It reminds us of the beads we saw carved on the old cathedrals in England, with tongous distorted inte all minner of mocking shapes—making any meaths, to indicate, it is said,

From the Boston Investigator.

'The Liberator.'

Mr. Editor,—The grentleman who edita the Liberator, Mr. William Lloyd Garrison, it is well known, is a great admirer of the Bible, and peculiarly fond of being ranked a Christian. No man more so. Call him an Infdel, and he is straightway all on fire. He thinks himself insulted—quotes the Scriptures to prove his soundness of faith; and, as if that was not enough, writes very affecting sonnets in their behalf. He seems determined, by diff of poetry and prose, to 'write himself down' a Christian; and I, for my part, an inclined to take him at his word, and to proclaim him one.

Mr. William Lloyd Garrison, then, be it known to all Infdels far and near, is a good, genuine, 'Simon Pure' Christian,—any declaration from any quarlor, to the contrary notwithstanding; for he says he is a Christian, and of course it would be wrong to call him by any different name. He is not only a Christian, but he is one of the most radical and ultra of that sect. He is so very Christian—so pious—so spiritual—so evangelical, and so entirely dead to the world, that he has renounced all allegiance to haman governments, and feels perfectly willing that the country should go to the devil, unless the Lord, by a special interposition, sees fit to order otherwise. Can such tools disinterestedness, such devout submission to Frovidence, be any thing but Christian? No! Infidelity, as I can safely awas, has nothing like it.

Mr. William Lloyd Garrison's non-government system, and non-redistance,—for they go together,—are peculiarly Christian doctrines, and, in the gentleman's estimation, are about the most commendable doctrines ever taught. The first incolates allegiance to the Lord alone, which cannot fail to exert a good, moral, peaceable tendency; because, as the Lord commanded Moses and Joshus to &x terminate the Midlanites and others by fire and sword, it Tollows, conclusively, since the Bible is

AN INFIDEL

Mr. Savage, the owner of a fashionable jawelry establishment at Montreat, has just been plundered of gold watches, and other valuable articles, to the amount of over \$5000. Admission was obtained by means of false keys, when the attendants were absent. Mr. S. offers a reward of \$3000 for the apprehension of the robbers.

ging more than seventy-eight years to each—the ele est being eighty-nine, and the youngest seventy-on A brother died, five years since, at the age of seventy

In Broadway coing the victims.

Patel Accident. A young lady by the name of Fales, was instantly killed in Lyme, R. H. on Sunday afternoon, 20th ult., and a young man who was with her had hirleg broken. The secident was caused by the carriage they were in slewing from the road, and going down a bank of some fitten or twenty feet-descent.

Late accounts from Java give intelligence of the raveges of the cholers there. In some portions the country it has assumed a new form, attacking no only the human species, but minusis. Birds struct with it fall dead to the ground, and other creature die as suddenly.

r. Dawson, of La., to Mr. Arnold, that, ' if he di the have better, he would out his throat from ear! r., 'was' merely to preserve order and decorum, and we out of a regard for the dignity of the House'!

The Legislature of South Carolins, at their late session, passed an Act to make the unlawful whip-ping or beating of a slave an indictable offence. Also an Act to prevent the emancipation of slaves and other persons.

Steamers. The total cost of the Mississipin a communication from the Navy Dep Congress, to have been \$519,032 67, and Missouri, \$553,850 32.

The town expenses of Nantucket, for the present year, are to be \$34,000, of which \$14,500 are for

Now is the Time.

Valuable Register for 1842.

Anti-Slavery Wafers.

SEVERAL bound volumes of the on hand, at No. 25 Cornhill. desirous of preserving a complete fords a favorable oppurtunity.