REFUGE OF OPPRESSION.

THE ABOLITIONIST.

A Select Committee of Congress has just reported the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and the District of Columbia is now free from the curse of slavery. The law will go into effect on the first day of January, and the freedmen will have the full enjoyment of their rights as free men.

THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION.

The Emancipation Proclamation of President Lincoln, issued on the first day of January, 1863, has been received with joy and thanksgiving by the people of the North and South. The President has declared that all slaves held within the insurrectionary states, and all those held in the United States, are free. The proclamation has been hailed as a great step forward in the cause of humanity.

A BOLD WHISPER.

The President's proclamation has been hailed as a great step forward in the cause of humanity. The President has declared that all slaves held within the insurrectionary states, and all those held in the United States, are free. The proclamation has been hailed as a great step forward in the cause of humanity.

THE NEGROES.

The Negroes have been treated with the greatest respect and consideration by the government. They have been given the right to vote, and have been admitted to all the rights and privileges of citizenship. The government has also provided for their education, and has established schools for their benefit.

THE ABOLITIONISTS.

The abolitionists have been the subject of much abuse and ridicule. They have been accused of being fanatics, and of being the cause of the Civil War. But the abolitionists have been the friends of humanity, and have been working for the betterment of the race.

THE PROTESTANTS.

The Protestants have been active in the cause of abolition. They have contributed large sums of money to the cause, and have sent large numbers of missionaries to the South. They have also published many tracts and pamphlets, and have talked and written extensively on the subject.

THE CATHOLICS.

The Catholics have also been active in the cause of abolition. They have contributed large sums of money to the cause, and have sent large numbers of missionaries to the South. They have also published many tracts and pamphlets, and have talked and written extensively on the subject.

THE ARMY.

The army has been active in the cause of abolition. The soldiers have been taught to respect the rights of all men, and have been trained to be loyal to the government. The army has also been active in the prosecution of the war, and has been victorious in many battles.

THE NAVY.

The navy has also been active in the cause of abolition. The sailors have been taught to respect the rights of all men, and have been trained to be loyal to the government. The navy has also been active in the prosecution of the war, and has been victorious in many battles.

THE SLAVE TRADE.

The slave trade has been abolished, and the slave has been declared free. The government has also provided for the education of the freedmen, and has established schools for their benefit.

THE EMANCIPATION ACT.

The Emancipation Act has been passed, and the slave has been declared free. The government has also provided for the education of the freedmen, and has established schools for their benefit.

THE FREEDMEN.

The freedmen have been treated with the greatest respect and consideration by the government. They have been given the right to vote, and have been admitted to all the rights and privileges of citizenship. The government has also provided for their education, and has established schools for their benefit.