A correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce, who is in Virginia, writes as follows:

"A few days since, in a conversation with a gentleman who was a native of the State of Georgia, and a former inhabitant of Alabama, he expressed his opinion that the prevailing idea among the people of the South, as to the best method of improving the condition of the negro, was to educate him, and to teach him to read and write. He said, that, in his opinion, there was no better way of doing this than by providing schools for the purpose, and that the best way of doing this was by establishing schools in the negro's own class, and not by employing white people to teach them. He added, that, in his opinion, the negro was capable of learning as much as the white man, and that he would be as likely to succeed as any other man, if he were taught to do so."