The Liberator

ANNUAL ADDRESS

TO

The Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society.

BOSTON, FEBRUARY 3, 1839.

The Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society was founded on January 24, 1830, and is one of the oldest anti-slavery societies in the United States. It was established to further the cause of abolition and to promote the end of slavery in the United States. The society was founded by a group of abolitionists who were dedicated to the cause of ending slavery and promoting equality for all people. The society's founders included such notable figures as William Lloyd Garrison, who was a prominent abolitionist and publisher of The Liberator, a newspaper that was dedicated to the cause of abolition. The society's founders were committed to using peaceful means to achieve their goals, and they worked tirelessly to educate the public about the evils of slavery and to persuade people to support the cause of abolition.

The Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society's annual address was delivered on February 3, 1839, and it was given by one of the society's leaders. The address was intended to provide an update on the society's activities and to set forth its goals for the coming year. The address was also intended to encourage members of the society to continue their work in support of the cause of abolition.

The address was delivered in Boston, the capital of Massachusetts, which was a center of anti-slavery activity in the United States. Boston was home to many prominent abolitionists, including William Lloyd Garrison, who was the editor of The Liberator, and who was a key figure in the anti-slavery movement.

The address was delivered in a time of great change and upheaval in the United States. The country was in the midst of a series of conflicts known as the "Trent Affair," which was a dispute over the treatment of a Confederate commissioners by British authorities. The conflict ultimately led to the outbreak of the American Civil War, which began in 1861.

The address was a call to action for those who were committed to the cause of abolition, and it was a reminder of the importance of working together to achieve a common goal.

The address was a powerful statement of the society's commitment to the cause of abolition, and it was a call to action for those who were committed to the cause of equality and justice for all people.
THE LIBERATOR.

FEARLESS \n
POETRY.

THE LIBERATOR.

FROM A BUSY STREET.

The day was long, and I walked it slowly; I saw many sights, and heard many sounds.

The streets were crowded with people;

The shops were open, and business was brisk.

The sun was shining brightly, and the wind was blowing soft;

I walked along, and enjoyed every moment.

The day was long, and I walked it slowly; I saw many sights, and heard many sounds.