Celebration of the Fourth of July.

The Fourth of July was celebrated with characteristic energy and enthusiasm throughout the United States. The entire journey from New York to Boston was filled with music and speeches, and the festival was marked by a display of national pride.

The American Anti-Slavery Society.

Several years ago, the Reverend E. C. Gage organized the American Anti-Slavery Society. The society's efforts have been successful in securing the abolition of slavery in various parts of the country. The anti-slavery运动 has gained momentum, and the society continues to work towards the goal of universal freedom for all.

Mr. Cooper's Visit to Washington.

Mr. Cooper, the famous abolitionist, visited Washington recently. He was received with great honor and attended by the President. Mr. Cooper addressed the Congress and discussed the issues of the day, advocating for the cause of freedom and equality. His speech was met with enthusiasm and support from the audience.

Henry Winter Davis on School Rights.

Henry Winter Davis, a prominent abolitionist, discussed the rights of schoolchildren. He emphasized the importance of education for all, regardless of race or social status. Davis expressed his concern about the quality of education in schools, particularly those attended by African Americans, and called for improvements to ensure equal educational opportunities for all children.

Letters from New York.

New York, July 21, 1883.

The letter begins with a discussion of current events in New York, including political developments and economic trends. The author concludes with a personal reflection on the state of the nation and the challenges facing the country.

The Washington Correspondent.

The Washington Correspondent provides a detailed account of the latest news from the nation's capital. The article covers a range of topics, from political events to social issues, offering insights into the daily life and concerns of the American people.
The Liberator

The historic site of the old Liberator

The Liberator, published in 1831, was an abolitionist newspaper founded in Boston by James S. Redfield. The newspaper played a significant role in the abolitionist movement, advocating for the immediate and unconditional freedom of all enslaved people in the United States. Its content often included articles promoting the end of slavery, as well as news and discussions related to the broader antislavery struggle. The newspaper was a key voice in the movement for废奴主义, providing a platform for the voices of abolitionists and their efforts to end the institution of slavery. The Liberator's influence extended beyond its local readership, contributing to the national discourse on the issue of slavery and the eventual triumph of the abolitionist cause. Its legacy continues to be remembered for its role in shaping the course of American history and the fight for freedom and equality.